

MEMCACHED, THE
BETTER MEMCACHE
INTERFACE

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MEMCACHED



- **INTERFACE TO MEMCACHED - A DISTRIBUTED CACHING SYSTEM**
- **PROVIDES OBJECT ORIENTED INTERFACE TO CACHING SYSTEM**
- **OFFERS A BUILT-IN SESSION HANDLER**
- **PURPOSE BUILT, SO LOTS OF NIFTY FEATURES**

MEMCACHE VS MEMCACHED

- MEMCACHED ADVANTAGES

- **FASTER **BENCHMARKS LATER****

- **IGBINARY SERIALIZER**

- **FASTLZ COMPRESSION**

- **MULTI-SERVER INTERFACE**

- **FAIL-OVER CALLBACK SUPPORT**

BASICS IN PRACTICE

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();
```

```
// CONNECT TO MEMCACHE ON LOCAL MACHINE, ON DEFAULT PORT  
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', '11211');
```

```
// TRY TO ADD AN ARRAY WITH A RETRIEVAL KEY FOR 1 DAY  
IF (!$MC->ADD('KEY', ARRAY(1,2,3), 86400)) {  
    // IF ALREADY EXISTS, LET'S REPLACE IT  
    IF (!$MC->REPLACE('KEY', ARRAY(1,2,3), 86400)) {  
        DIE("CRITICAL ERROR");  
    }  
}
```

```
// LET'S FETCH OUR DATA  
IF (($DATA = $MC->GET('KEY')) !== FALSE) {  
    // LET'S DELETE IT NOW  
    $MC->DELETE('KEY'); // RIGHT NOW!  
}
```

DATA RETRIEVAL GOTCHA(S)

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', '11211');
```

```
$MC->ADD('KEY', 0);
```

```
IF (!( $DATA = $MC->GET('KEY') )) {  
  DIE("NOT FOUND?"); // NOT TRUE  
  // THE VALUE COULD BE 0, ARRAY(), NULL, ""  
  // ALWAYS COMPARE MEMCACHED::GET() RESULT TO  
  // FALSE CONSTANT IN A TYPE-SENSITIVE WAY (!== FALSE)  
}
```

```
// THE "RIGHT" WAY!
```

```
IF (( $DATA = $MC->GET('KEY') ) === FALSE) {  
  DIE("NOT FOUND");  
}
```

DATA RETRIEVAL GOTCHA(S)

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();
```

```
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', '11211');
```

```
$MC->ADD('KEY', FALSE);
```

```
IF (($DATA = $MC->GET('KEY')) !== FALSE) {
```

```
  DIE("NOT FOUND?"); // NOT TRUE
```

```
  // THE VALUE COULD BE FALSE, YOU
```

```
  // NEED TO CHECK THE RESPONSE CODE
```

```
}
```

```
// THE "RIGHT" WAY!
```

```
IF (
```

```
  (( $DATA = $MC->GET('KEY')) === FALSE)
```

```
  &&
```

```
  ($MC->GETRESULTCODE() != MEMCACHED::RES_SUCCESS)
```

```
) {
```

```
  DIE("NOT FOUND");
```

```
}
```

INTERFACE BASICS CONTINUED...

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
// ON LOCAL MACHINE WE CAN CONNECT VIA UNIX SOCKETS FOR BETTER SPEED  
$MC->ADDSERVER('/VAR/RUN/MEMCACHED/11211.SOCK', 0);  
  
// ADD/OR REPLACE, DON'T CARE JUST GET IT IN THERE  
// WITHOUT EXPIRATION PARAMETER, WILL REMAIN IN CACHE "FOREVER"  
$MC->SET('KEY1', ARRAY(1,2,3));  
  
$KEY_SET = ARRAY('KEY1' => "FOO", 'KEY1' => ARRAY(1,2,3));  
  
// STORE MULTIPLE KEYS AT ONCE FOR 1 HOUR  
$MC->SETMULTI($KEY_SET, 3600);  
  
// GET MULTIPLE KEYS AT ONCE  
$DATA = $MC->GETMULTI(ARRAY_KEYS($KEY_SET));  
/*  
ARRAY(  
    'KEY1' => 'FOO'  
    'KEY2' => ARRAY(1,2,3)  
)  
*/
```

**FOR MULTI-(GET|
SET), ALL OPS
MUST SUCCEED FOR
SUCCESSFUL
RETURN.**

MULTI-SERVER ENVIRONMENT

```
$mc = new MemCached();

// add multiple servers to the list
// as many servers as you like can be added
$mc->addServers(
    array('localhost', 11211, 80), // high-priority 80%
    array('192.168.1.90', 11211, 20) // low-priority 20%
);

// You can also do it one at a time, but this is not recommended
$mc->addServer('localhost', 11211, 80);
$mc->addServer('192.168.1.90', 11211, 20);

// Get a list of servers in the pool
$mc->getServerList();
// array(array('host' => ... , 'port' => ... 'weight' => ...))
```


DATA SEGMENTATION

- MEMCACHED INTERFACE ALLOWS YOU TO STORE CERTAIN TYPES OF DATA ON SPECIFIC SERVERS

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$MC->ADDSERVERS( ... );
```

```
// ADD DATA_KEY WITH A VALUE OF "VALUE" FOR 10 MINS TO  
// SERVER IDENTIFIED BY "SERVER_KEY"
```

```
$MC->ADDKEY('SERVER_KEY', 'DATA_KEY', 'VALUE', 600);
```

```
// FETCH KEY FROM SPECIFIC SERVER
```

```
$MC->GETKEY('SERVER_KEY', 'DATA_KEY');
```

```
// ADD/UPDATE KEY ON SPECIFIC SERVER
```

```
$MC->SETKEY('SERVER_KEY', 'DATA_KEY', 'VALUE', 600);
```

```
// REMOVE KEY FROM SPECIFIC SERVER
```

```
$MC->DELETEKEY('SERVER_KEY', 'DATA_KEY');
```

AND THERE IS MORE ...

- THE SPECIFIC-SERVER INTERFACE ALSO SUPPORTS MULTI-(GET|SET)

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();
```

```
$MC->ADDSERVERS( ... );
```

```
$KEY_SET = ARRAY('KEY1' => "FOO", 'KEY2' => ARRAY(1,2,3));
```

```
// STORE MULTIPLE KEYS AT ONCE FOR 1 HOUR
```

```
$MC->SETMULTIBYKEY('SERVER_KEY', $KEY_SET, 3600);
```

```
// GET MULTIPLE KEYS AT ONCE
```

```
$DATA = $MC->GETMULTIBYKEY('SERVER_KEY',  
                             ARRAY_KEYS($KEY_SET));
```

FAIL-OVER CALLBACKS

```
$M = NEW MEMCACHED();
```

```
$M->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);
```

```
$DATA = $M->GET('KEY', 'CB');
```

```
FUNCTION CB(MEMCACHED $MEMC, $KEY, &$VALUE) {  
  $VALUE = 'RETRIEVE VALUE';  
  $MEMC->ADD($KEY, $VALUE);  
  RETURN $VALUE;  
}
```

**ONLY SUPPORTED FOR GET() &
GETBYKEY() METHODS**

DELAYED DATA RETRIEVAL

- ONE OF THE REALLY NEAT FEATURES OF MEMCACHED EXTENSION IS THE ABILITY TO EXECUTE THE “FETCH” COMMAND, BUT DEFER THE ACTUAL DATA RETRIEVAL UNTIL LATER.

- PARTICULARLY HANDY WHEN RETRIEVING MANY KEYS THAT WON'T BE NEEDED UNTIL LATER.

DELAYED DATA RETRIEVAL

```
$MC = new Memcached();  
$MC->addServer('localhost', '11211');  
  
$MC->getDelayed(array('key'));  
// PARAMETER IS AN ARRAY OF KEYS  
  
/* SOME PHP CODE THAT DOES "STUFF" */  
  
// FETCH DATA ONE RECORD AT A TIME  
while ($data = $MC->fetch()) { ... }  
  
// FETCH ALL DATA IN ONE GO  
$data = $MC->fetchAll();
```

DELAYED RESULT C.B.

- **THE DELAYED RESULT CALLBACK ALLOWS EXECUTION OF CODE UPON SUCCESSFUL DELAYED RETRIEVAL.**

EXAMPLE

```
$M = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$M->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);  
  
$M->GETDELAYED(  
    ARRAY('FOOTER','HEADER'), FALSE, 'CB');  
  
FUNCTION CB(MEMCACHED $M, $DATA) {  
    //$DATA = ARRAY('KEY' => '...', 'VALUE' => '...');  
    LAYOUT::$DATA['KEY']($DATA['VALUE']);  
}
```

CALLBACK WILL BE CALLED
INDIVIDUALLY FOR EVERY KEY

ATOMIC COUNTERS

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);
```

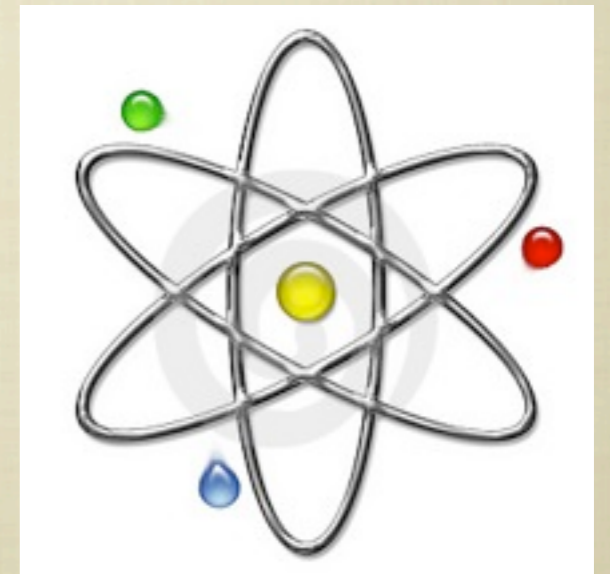
```
// INITIALIZE COUNTER TO 1  
$MC->SET('MY_COUNTER', 1);
```

```
// INCREASE COUNT BY 1  
$MC->INCREMENT('MY_COUNTER');
```

```
// INCREASE COUNT BY 10  
$MC->INCREMENT('MY_COUNTER', 10);
```

```
// DECREMENT COUNT BY 1  
$MC->DECREMENT('MY_COUNTER');
```

```
// DECREMENT COUNT BY 10  
$MC->DECREMENT('MY_COUNTER', 10);
```



COUNTER TRICK

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);

// ADD KEY POSITION IF DOES NOT ALREADY EXIST
IF (!$MC->ADD('KEY_POS', 1)) {
    // OTHERWISE INCREMENT IT
    $POSITION = $MC->INCREMENT('KEY_POS');
} ELSE {
    $POSITION = 1;
}

// ADD REAL VALUE AT THE NEW POSITION
$MC->ADD('KEY_VALUE_' . $POSITION, ARRAY(1,2,3));
```

- SIMPLIFIES CACHE INVALIDATION
- REDUCES LOCK CONTENTION (OR ELIMINATES IT)

DATA COMPRESSION

- IN MANY CASES PERFORMANCE CAN BE GAINED BY COMPRESSING LARGE BLOCKS OF DATA. SINCE IN MOST CASES NETWORK IO IS MORE EXPENSIVE THEN CPU SPEED + RAM.

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();
```

```
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);
```

```
// ENABLE COMPRESSION
```

```
$MC->SETOPTION(MEMCACHED::OPT_COMPRESSION, TRUE);
```

RELATED INI SETTINGS (INI_ALL)

OTHER POSSIBLE VALUE IS ZLIB

```
MEMCACHED.COMPRESSION_TYPE=FASTLZ
```

MINIMUM COMPRESSION RATE

```
MEMCACHED.COMPRESSION_FACTOR=1.3
```

MINIMUM DATA SIZE TO COMPRESS

```
MEMCACHED.COMPRESSION_THRESHOLD=2000
```

PHP SERIALIZATION

IF YOU ARE USING MEMCACHED TO STORE COMPLEX DATA TYPE (ARRAYS & OBJECTS), THEY WILL NEED TO BE CONVERTED TO STRINGS FOR THE PURPOSES OF STORAGE, VIA SERIALIZATION.

MEMCACHED CAN MAKE USE OF **IGBINARY** SERIALIZER THAT WORKS FASTER (~30%) AND PRODUCES MORE COMPACT DATA SET (UP-TO 45% SMALLER) THAN NATIVE PHP SERIALIZER.

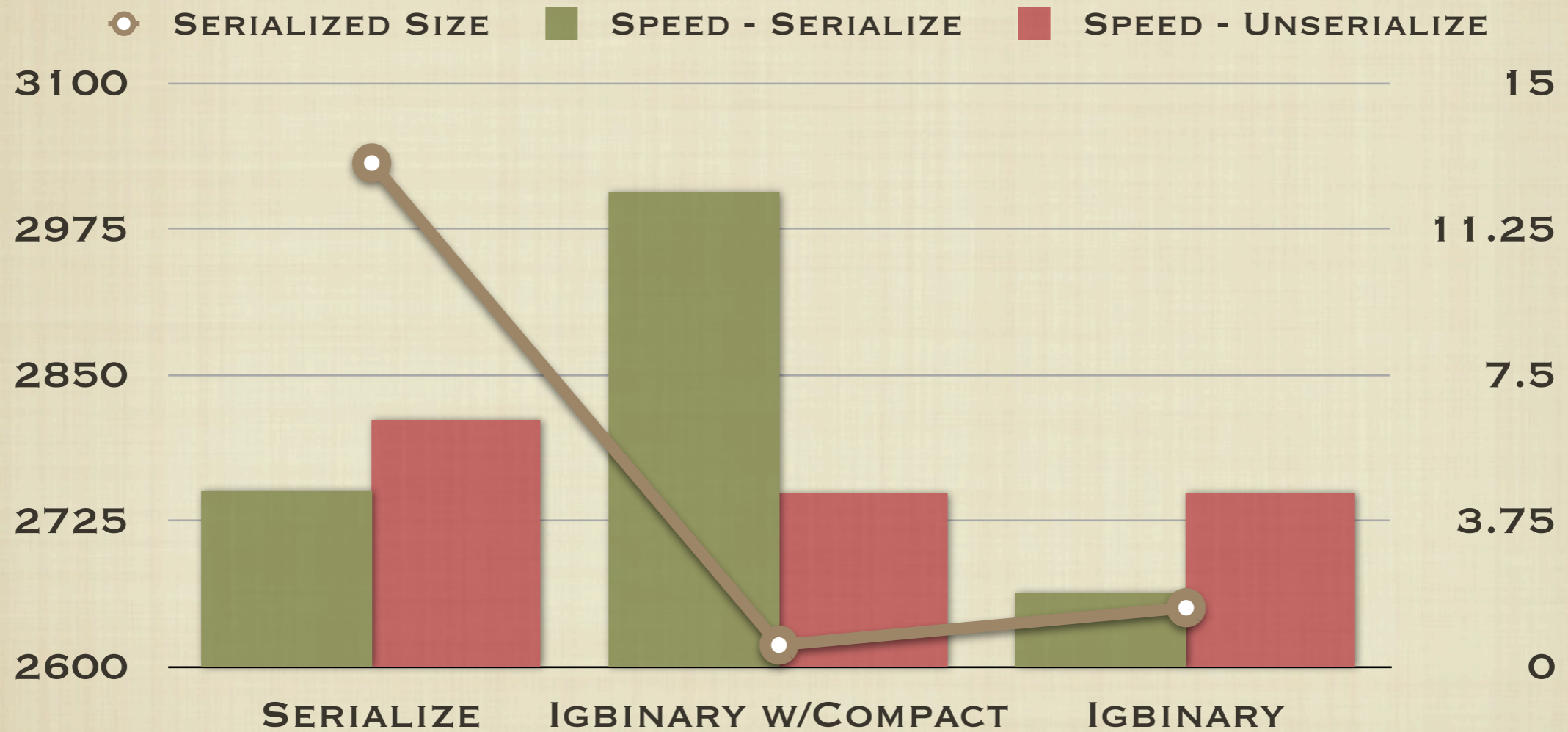
[HTTP://GITHUB.COM/PHADEJ/IGBINARY](http://github.com/phadej/igbinary)

ENABLING IGBINARY

INSTALL MEMCACHED EXTENSION WITH
--ENABLE-MEMCACHED-IGBINARY

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);  
  
// USE IGBINARY SERIALIZER  
$MC->SETOPTION(  
    MEMCACHED::OPT_SERIALIZER,  
    MEMCACHED::SERIALIZER_IGBINARY  
);
```

IGBINARY SPEED TEST



OPTIMAL

UTILITY METHODS

```
$MC = NEW MEMCACHED();  
$MC->ADDSERVER('LOCALHOST', 11211);
```

```
// MEMCACHED STATISTICS GATHERING  
$MC->GETSTATS();
```

```
// CLEAR ALL CACHE ENTRIES  
$MC->FLUSH();
```

```
// CLEAR ALL CACHE ENTRIES  
// IN 10 MINUTES  
$MC->FLUSH(600);
```

```
ARRAY  
(  
    [SERVER:PORT] => ARRAY  
        (  
            [PID] => 4933  
            [UPTIME] => 786123  
            [THREADS] => 1  
            [TIME] => 1233868010  
            [POINTER_SIZE] => 32  
            [RUSAGE_USER_SECONDS] => 0  
            [RUSAGE_USER_MICROSECONDS] => 140000  
            [RUSAGE_SYSTEM_SECONDS] => 23  
            [RUSAGE_SYSTEM_MICROSECONDS] => 210000  
            [CURR_ITEMS] => 145  
            [TOTAL_ITEMS] => 2374  
            [LIMIT_MAXBYTES] => 67108864  
            [CURR_CONNECTIONS] => 2  
            [TOTAL_CONNECTIONS] => 151  
            [A] => 3  
            [BYTES] => 20345  
            [CMD_GET] => 213343  
            [CMD_SET] => 2381  
            [GET_HITS] => 204223  
            [GET_MISSES] => 9120  
            [EVICTIONS] => 0  
            [BYTES_READ] => 9092476  
            [BYTES_WRITTEN] => 15420512  
            [VERSION] => 1.2.6  
        )  
    )  
)
```

INSTALLING MEMCACHED

DOWNLOAD MEMCACHED FROM [HTTP://
WWW.MEMCACHED.ORG](http://www.memcached.org) AND **COMPILE IT.**

DOWNLOAD LIBMEMCACHED FROM [HTTP://
TANGENT.ORG/552/LIBMEMCACHED.HTML](http://tangent.org/552/libmemcached.html) AND
COMPILE IT.

PECL INSTALL MEMCACHED (CONFIGURE,
MAKE, MAKE INSTALL)

ENABLE MEMCACHED FROM YOUR **PHP.INI** FILE

INSTALLING MEMCACHED

IF YOU WANT THE LATEST MEMCACHED
SOURCES CHECKOUT GITHUB:

[HTTP://GITHUB.COM/ANDREIZ/PHP-MEMCACHED](http://github.com/andreiz/php-memcached)

[HTTP://GITHUB.COM/TRICKY/PHP-MEMCACHED](http://github.com/tricky/php-memcached)

[HTTP://GITHUB.COM/ILIAAL/PHP-MEMCACHED](http://github.com/iliaal/php-memcached)

(AND A BUNCH OF OTHERS)

MEMCACHED SESSION HANDLER



SESSION SETTINGS

SESSION.SAVE_HANDLER # SET TO “MEMCACHED

SESSION.SAVE_PATH # SET TO MEMCACHE HOST SERVER:PORT

MEMCACHED.SESS_PREFIX # DEFAULTS TO MEMC.SESS.KEY.

LOCKING CONTROLS

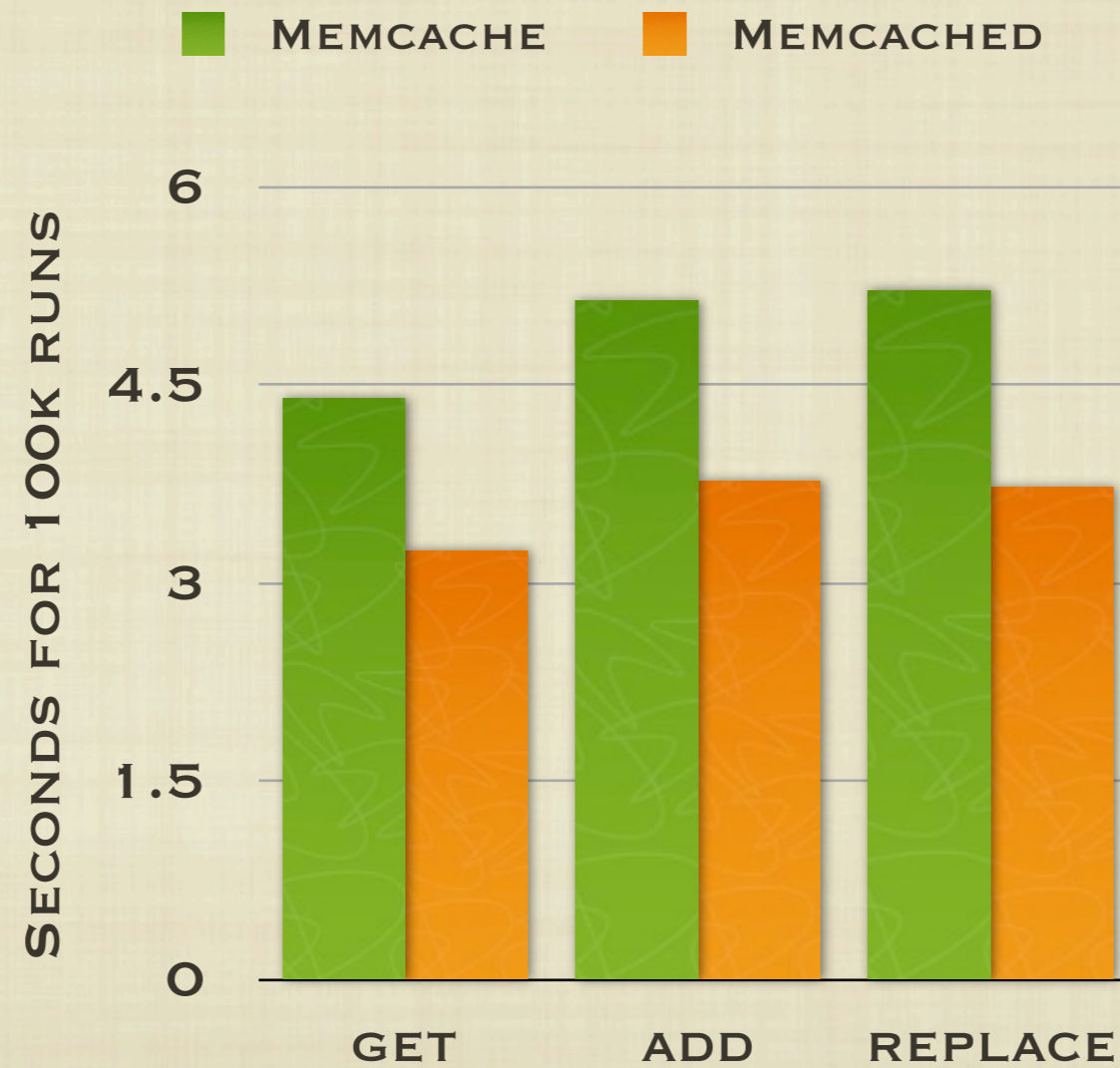
WHETHER TO ENABLE SESSION LOCK, ON BY DEFAULT

MEMCACHED.SESS_LOCKING

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF MICROSECONDS TO WAIT ON A LOCK

MEMCACHED.SESS_LOCK_WAIT

PERFORMANCE



**THANK YOU FOR
LISTENING**

**SLIDES WILL BE AVAILABLE
AT [HTTP://ILIA.WS](http://ilia.ws)**

**PLEASE GIVE ME YOUR FEEDBACK
[HTTP://JOIND.IN/2250](http://joind.in/2250)**