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# PHP EXCEL

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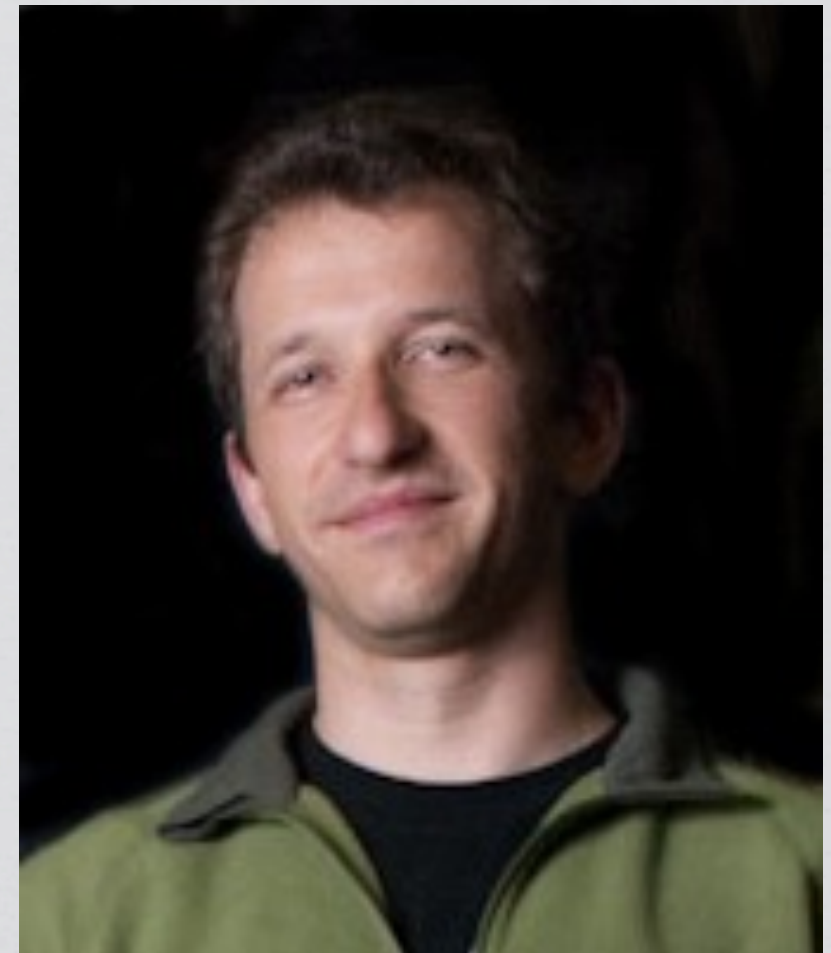
@iliaa

Slides : <http://ilia.ws/>

# Me, Myself & I

- \* PHP Core Developer since 2001

- \* Author of Excel extension ;-)





# The Need...

**Ability to parse and generate  
Excel documents**

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# PRIOR TO PHP-EXCEL

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# PEAR ExcelReader/Writer - Old & Abandoned...





# PHPExcel - 30kb per cell & really, really slow...





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# HENCE PHP-EXCEL

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**Based around LibXL library**

<http://libxl.com/>

**Costs \$199**

**PHP Interface is Open Source  
available at:**

[https://github.com/iliaal/php\\_excel](https://github.com/iliaal/php_excel)



# Core Features

- \* Can create Biff-8 and XML based documents
- \* Can parse Biff 5 through 8 and XML based documents
- \* Really, really fast... 500,000 cells per second fast
- \* Does not eat a ton of memory
- \* Simple OO Interface
- \* Lots of features!

# Excel Document Structure

## Workbook - Primary Document Container

### Sheet - Data Container

Tables

Images

Charts

### Sheet - Data Container



# Table Addressing

The diagram shows an Excel spreadsheet with columns A through F and rows 1 through 13. A red cell is in A1, and a green cell is in E3. A blue selection box is around B2:B3. Blue arrows point from the coordinates (0,0) and (2,4) to the top-left and bottom-right corners of the selection box, respectively.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						

**Rows 1st, Columns 2nd**

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**CODE TIME!**

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# Simple Document Creation

```
$x = new ExcelBook();
```

```
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");
```

```
$s->write(1, 1, 'Test');
```

```
$s->write(2, 2, 123);
```

```
$x->save("file.xls");
```

	A	B	C
1			
2		Test	
3			123
4			
5			

# XML Document Handling

```
$x = new ExcelBook(NULL, NULL, TRUE);
```

```
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");
```

```
$s->write(1, 1, 'Test');
```

```
$s->write(2, 2, 123);
```

```
$x->save("file.xlsx");
```

Fancy Office 2010  
XML format



# Writing an Entire Row @ Once

```
$db = new PDO('database');

$x = new ExcelBook;
$s = $x->addSheet("Weekly TPS Report");

$i = 0;
foreach ($db->query('SELECT * FROM tps', PDO::FETCH_NUM) as $row) {
    $s->writeRow($i++, $row);
}

$x->save("file.xls");
```





# Picture Time!

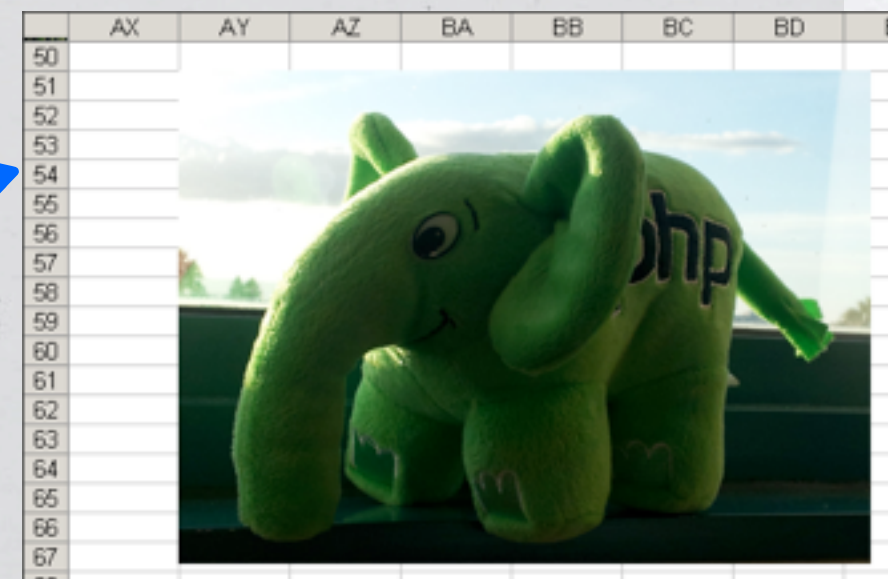
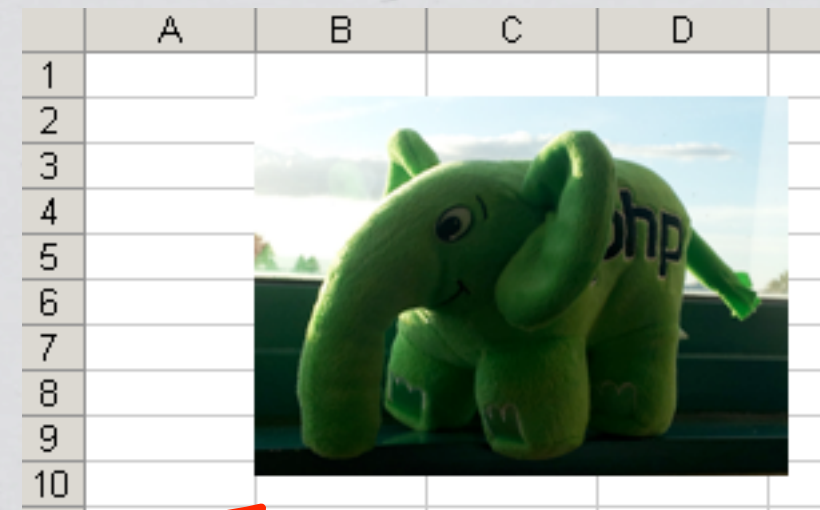
```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
  
$pic_file = "./theGreenOne.jpg";
```

```
// Loads picture into memory  
$pic = $x->addPictureFromFile($pic_file);
```

```
// Place picture on 2nd row, 50% scale  
$s->addPictureScaled(1, 1, $pic, 0.5);
```

```
// Place picture with specific dimensions  
$s->addPictureDim(50, 50, $pic, 400, 285);
```

```
$x->save("e.xls");
```





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# LOTS OF FORMATTING OPTIONS

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# Borders

```
$x = new ExcelBook();
$s = $x->addSheet("Borders");

$oClass = new ReflectionClass('ExcelFormat');
foreach ($oClass->getConstants() as $c => $val) {
    if (strpos($c, 'BORDERSTYLE_') !== 0) {
        continue;
    }
    $format = $x->addFormat();
    $format->borderStyle($val);

    $name = preg_replace('!.*_!', '', $c);

    $s->write($row++, $col++, $name, $format);
}

$x->save("borders.xls");
```



# Output

NONE																			
	THIN																		
		MEDIUM																	
			DASHED																
				DOTTED															
					THICK														
						DOUBLE													
							HAIR												
								MEDIUMDASHED											
									DASHDOT										
										MEDIUMDASHDOT									
											DASHDOTDOT								
												MEDIUMDASHDOTDOT							
													SLANTDASHDOT						

# Border Colors

```
$x = new ExcelBook();
$s = $x->addSheet("Border Colors");

$oClass = new ReflectionClass('ExcelFormat');
foreach ($oClass->getConstants() as $c => $val) {
    if (strpos($c, 'COLOR_') !== 0) {
        continue;
    }
    $format = $x->addFormat();
    $format->borderColor($val);
    $format->borderStyle(ExcelFormat::BORDERSTYLE_THICK);

    $name = preg_replace('!.*_!U', '', $c);

    $s->write($row++, $col++, $name, $format);
}

$x->save("borders.xls");
```



# Output

BLACK																				
	WHITE																			
		RED																		
			BRIGHTGREEN																	
				BLUE																
					YELLOW															
						PINK														
							TURQUOISE													
	BLUE CL																			
		SKYBLUE																		
			LIGHTTURQUOISE																	
				LIGHTGREEN																
					LIGHTYELLOW															
						PALEBLUE														
							ROSE													
								LAVENDER												
									TAN											
										LIGHTBLUE										
											AQUA									
				GRAY50																
					PERIWINKLE CF															
						PLUM CF														
							IVORY CF													
								LIGHTTURQUOISE CF												
									DARKPURPLE CF											
										CORAL CF										
											OCEANBLUE CF									
												ICEBLUE CF								
													DARKBLUE CL							
														PINK CL						
															YELLOW CL					
																TURQUOISE CL				
																	VIOLET CL			
																		DARKRED CL		
																			TEAL CL	

# Specific Border Functions

**BorderLeftStyle**

**BorderLeftColor**

**BorderRightStyle**

**BorderRightColor**

**BorderTopStyle**

**BorderTopColor**

**BorderBottomStyle**

**BorderBottomColor**



# Text Styles

```
$x = new ExcelBook();
$s = $x->addSheet("Text Stuff...");

$font_styles = array('Arial', 'Helvetica', 'Courier',
                    'Times New Roman', 'Tahoma', 'Courier New');

foreach ($font_styles as $style) {
    $font = $x->addFont();
    $font->name($style);

    $format = $x->addFormat();
    $format->setFont($font);

    $s->write($row, $col++, $style, $format);
}
$x->save("font.xls");
```

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Arial	Helvetica	Courier	Times New Roman	Tahoma	Courier New	

# Text Styles

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Text Stuff...");
```

```
$underline_types = array(  
    ExcelFont::UNDERLINE_NONE, ExcelFont::UNDERLINE_SINGLE,  
    ExcelFont::UNDERLINE_DOUBLE, ExcelFont::UNDERLINE_SINGLEACC,  
    ExcelFont::UNDERLINE_DOUBLEACC  
);
```

```
foreach ($underline_types as $style) {  
    $font = $x->addFont();  
    $font->underline($style);
```

```
    $format = $x->addFormat();  
    $format->setFont($font);
```

```
    $s->write($row, $col++, $style, $format);
```

```
}  
$x->save("font.xls");
```

Underline value	View
UNDERLINE_NONE	UNDERLINE_NONE
UNDERLINE_SINGLE	<u>UNDERLINE_SINGLE</u>
UNDERLINE_DOUBLE	<u><u>UNDERLINE_DOUBLE</u></u>
UNDERLINE_SINGLEACC	<u>UNDERLINE_SINGLEACC</u>
UNDERLINE_DOUBLEACC	<u><u>UNDERLINE_DOUBLEACC</u></u>



# More Text Stuff...

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Text Stuff...");  
  
foreach (array('italics', 'bold', 'strike') as $style) {  
    $font = $x->addFont();  
    $font->$style(true);  
  
    $format = $x->addFormat();  
    $format->setFont($font);  
  
    $s->write($row, $col++, $style, $format);  
}  
$x->save("font.xls");
```

	A	B	C
1	<i>italics</i>	<b>bold</b>	<del>strike</del>

# There is more still...

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Text Stuff...");  
  
foreach (array('NORMAL', 'SUPERSCRIPT', 'SUBSCRIPT')  
as $style) {  
    $font = $x->addFont();  
    $font->mode(constant("ExcelFont::" . $style));  
  
    $format = $x->addFormat();  
    $format->setFont($font);  
  
    $s->write($row, $col++, $style, $format);  
}  
$x->save("font.xls");
```

	A	B	C
1	NORMAL	SUPERSCRIPT	SUBSCRIPT
2			



```

$x = new ExcelBook();
$s = $x->addSheet("Text Stuff...");

$colors = array(
    ExcelFormat::COLOR_BROWN, ExcelFormat::COLOR_RED,
    ExcelFormat::COLOR_BRIGHTGREEN, ExcelFormat::COLOR_ICEBLUE_CF,
);

for ($i = 0; $i < 4; $i++) {
    $font = $x->addFont();
    // valid range is from 0 > 40
    $font->size($i * $i);
    $font->color(array_pop($colors));

    $format = $x->axes->addFormat();
    $format->setFont($font);

    $s->write($row, $col++, "ABC 123", $format);
}
$x->save("font.xls");

```

	A	B	C	D
1	ABC 123		ABC 123	ABC 123

# Date Formatting

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
$time = mktime(5,43,11,1,21,1980);  
  
$dc = array(  
    "NUMFORMAT_DATE",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_D_MON_YY",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_D_MON",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MON_YY",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMM_AM",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMMSS_AM",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMM",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMMSS",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MDYYYY_HMM",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MMSS",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HOMMSS",  
    "NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MMSS0"  
);
```



# Date Formatting

```
$row = 0;  
foreach ($dc as $v) {  
    $fmt = constant('ExcelFormat::' . $v);  
  
    $format = $x->addFormat();  
    $format->numberFormat($fmt);  
  
    $s->write($row, 0, $v);  
    $s->write($row++, 1, $time, $format, ExcelFormat::AS_DATE);  
}
```

NUMFORMAT_DATE	1/21/80
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_D_MON_YY	21-Jan-80
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_D_MON	21-Jan
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MON_YY	Jan-80
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMM_AM	5:43 AM
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMMSS_AM	5:43:11 AM
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMM	5:43
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_HMMSS	5:43:11
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MDYYYY_HMM	1/21/80 5:43
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MMSS	43:11
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_H0MMSS	701789:43:11
NUMFORMAT_CUSTOM_MMSS0	43:11.0

# Custom Date Formatting

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
$time = mktime(5,43,11,1,21,1980);  
  
// Custom format guidelines  
// http://libxl.com/custom-format.html  
$myfmt = $x->addCustomFormat("mmm dd, yyyy h:mm AM/PM");  
  
$df = $x->addFormat();  
$df->numberFormat($myfmt);  
  
$s->write(0, 0, $time, $df, ExcelFormat::AS_DATE);  
  
$x->save("test.xls");
```

January 21, 1980 5:43 AM
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# Number Formatting

Constant	Description	Example
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER</b>	general number	1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_D2</b>	number with decimal point	1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_SEP</b>	number with thousands separator	100,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_SEP_D2</b>	number with decimal point and thousands separator	100,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_CURRENCY_NEGBRA</b>	monetary value, negative in brackets	-\$1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_CURRENCY_NEGBRARED</b>	monetary value, negative is red in brackets	-\$1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_CURRENCY_D2_NEGBRA</b>	monetary value with decimal point, negative in brackets	-\$1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_CURRENCY_D2_NEGBRARED</b>	monetary value with decimal point, negative is red in brackets	-\$1000
<b>NUMFORMAT_PERCENT</b>	percent value, multiply the cell value by 100	75%
<b>NUMFORMAT_PERCENT_D2</b>	percent value with decimal point, multiply the cell value by 100	75%
<b>NUMFORMAT_SCIENTIFIC_D2</b>	scientific value with E character and decimal point	1.00E+02
<b>NUMFORMAT_FRACTION_ONEDIG</b>	fraction value, one digit	10 1/2
<b>NUMFORMAT_FRACTION_TWODIG</b>	fraction value, two digits	10 23/95
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_SEP_NEGBRA</b>	number with thousands separator, negative in brackets	-4,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_SEP_NEGBRARED</b>	number with thousands separator, negative is red in brackets	-4,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_D2_SEP_NEGBRA</b>	number with thousands separator and decimal point, negative in brackets	-4,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_NUMBER_D2_SEP_NEGBRARED</b>	number with thousands separator and decimal point, negative is red in brackets	-4,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_ACCOUNT</b>	account value	5,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_ACCOUNTCUR</b>	account value with currency symbol	\$ 5000.00
<b>NUMFORMAT_ACCOUNT_D2</b>	account value with decimal point	5,000
<b>NUMFORMAT_ACCOUNT_D2_CUR</b>	account value with currency symbol and decimal point	\$ 5,000.00
<b>NUMFORMAT_TEXT</b>	text value	any text

# Custom Number Formatting

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
  
// Custom format guide lines  
// http://libxl.com/custom-format.html  
$myfmt = $x->addCustomFormat("[Red][<=100];[Green][>100]");  
  
$nf = $x->addFormat();  
$nf->numberFormat($myfmt);  
  
$s->write(0, 0, 50, $nf);  
$s->write(0, 1, 150, $nf);  
  
$x->save("test.xls");
```

	A
1	50
2	150
3	



# Parsing Documents

```
$x = new ExcelBook();
```

```
$x->loadFile("file.xls");
```

```
$s = $x->getSheet();
```

```
for ($i = 0, $e = $s->lastRow(); $i < $e; $i++) {  
    print_r(array_filter($s->readRow($i)));  
}
```

# Precision Parsing

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$x->loadFile("file.xls");  
$s = $x->getSheet();  
  
// simple 1 cell read  
$data = $s->read(0, 0);  
  
//read data & obtain format  
$data = $s->read(0, 0, $format);  
  
// $format == ExcelFormat instance
```



# Formulas

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
  
for ($i = 0; $i < 4; $i++)  
    $s->write($i, 0, $i * $i);  
  
$s->write(4, 0, "SUM(A1:A4)",  
        NULL, ExcelFormat::AS_FORMULA);  
  
$x->save("test.xls");
```

	A
1	0
2	1
3	4
4	9
5	14

# Reading Formulas

```
$x = new ExcelBook();  
$s = $x->addSheet("Sheet 1");  
  
for ($i = 0; $i < 4; $i++)  
    $s->write($i, 0, $i * $i);  
  
$s->write(4, 0, "SUM(A1:A4)", NULL, ExcelFormat::AS_FORMULA);  
  
var_dump($s->isFormula(4, 0)); // true  
var_dump($s->read(4, 0)); // "SUM(A1:A4)"
```



# License Stuff

## In-Application

```
new ExcelBook("LICENSE NAME", "LICENSE KEY");
```

## Globally - INI Settings

```
excel.license_name
```

```
excel.license_key
```

# Other stuff you can do

- \* Freeze Panes
- \* Manipulate Excel Sheets
- \* Set printing layouts
- \* Copy Data
- \* Configure Cell Layout
- \* Zoom Controls
- \* Split Sheets
- \* Text Wrapping
- \* Text Alignment
- \* Lock & Freeze cells
- \* Etc....



Thanks for Listening

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